

# TRANSITIONAL JUSTICE AND THE BALKAN CONFLICT (FORT IMPERIAL ON MOUNT SRÐ)

By Wolfgang Form



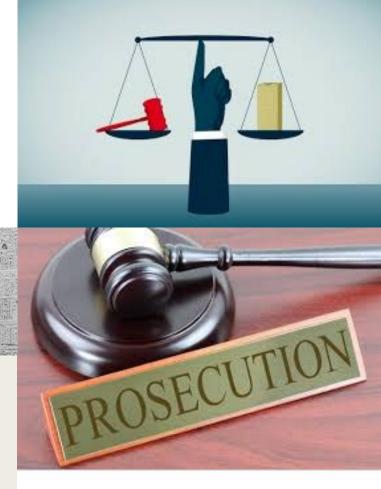
#### Transitional Justice





- 2. prosecution initiatives
- 3. lustration
- 4. reparations / reconciliation
- 5. various measures to prevent the recurrence of new violations







# various measures to prevent the recurrence of new violations including:

- I. constitutional, legal and institutional reform
- II. the strengthening of civil society
- III. memorialization efforts
- IV. cultural initiatives
- V. the preservation of archives
- VI. the reform of history education











#### Transitional justice aims to provide

- recognition to victims
- enhance the trust of individuals in State institutions
- reinforce respect for human rights and promote the rule of law, as a step towards reconciliation
- the prevention of new violations







TJ = Situation based

can be implemented:

- during the conflict
- in the aftermath of mass violence
- even many years after an incident

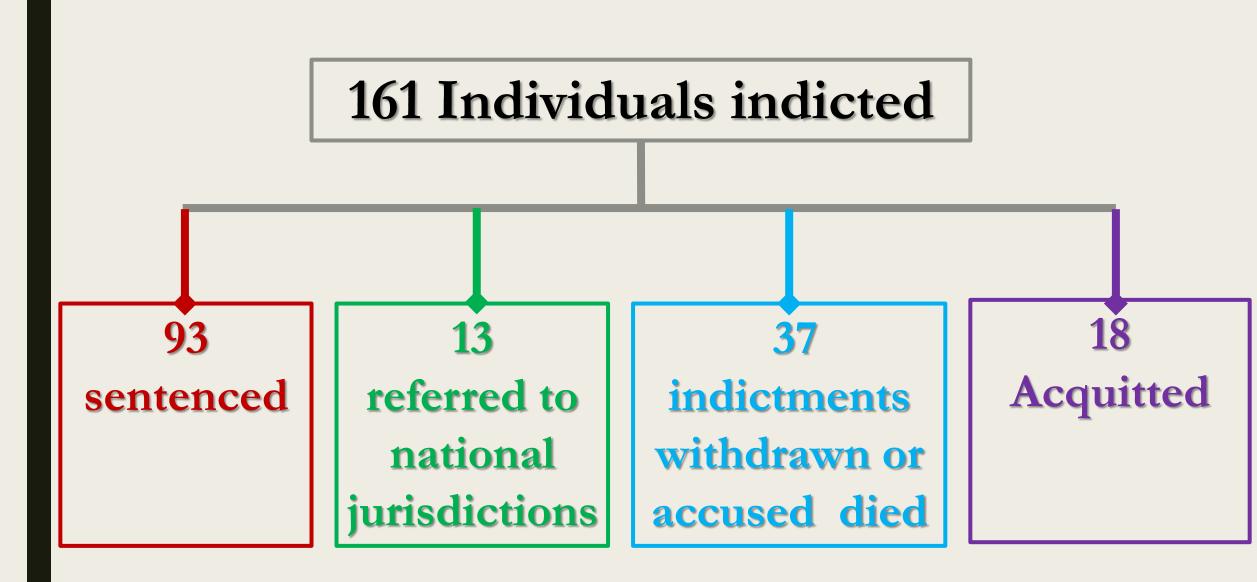


#### International criminal Law

- genocide
- war crimes
- crimes against humanity
- the crime of aggression



### International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia (ICTY)



#### Cultural Heritage



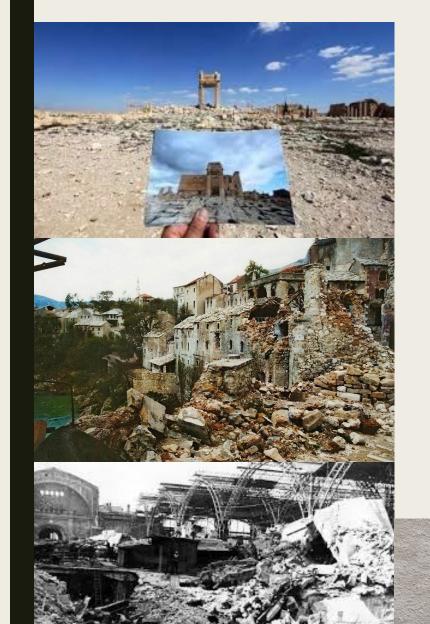
#### **Haque Convention 1907**

Article 56

The property of municipalities that of institutions dedicated to religion, charity and education, the arts and sciences, even when State property, shall treated as private property.

All seizure of destruction or wilful damage done to institutions of this character, historic monuments, works of art and science is forbidden, and should be made the subject of legal proceedings

### Has this been of any use?













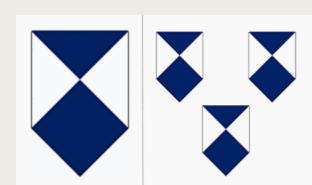
United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)

Article 5 OCCUPATION

preserving cultural property

by military operations

Article 6
DISTINCTIVE MARKING OF
CULTURAL PROPERTY



Thiomir Blaškić
unlawful attack on civilians
unlawful attack on civilian
objects



wanton destruction not justified by military necessity

plunder of public or private property destruction or wilful damage to institutions dedicated to religion or education













#### Miodrag Jokić

- Soldiers under Miodrag Jokić's <u>command</u> shelled the Old Town of Dubrovnik
- civilians were killed and wounded
- six buildings were <u>destroyed</u> and many more buildings suffered <u>damage</u>
- Institutions dedicated to <u>religion</u>, <u>charity</u>, <u>education</u>, and the <u>arts</u> and <u>sciences</u>, <u>historic monuments</u> were damaged or destroyed
- As a commander, <u>he failed</u> to take the necessary measures to <u>prevent</u> or stop the shelling



#### Pavle Strugar

 he had legal and effective <u>control</u> of the Yugoslav people's army forces who the attack on Mount Srd, and military action on Dubrovnik shelling of the Old Town



- civilians were <u>killed</u> and <u>injured</u>, and protected buildings were <u>damaged</u> and <u>destroyed</u>
- he <u>failed</u> to act <u>to stop</u> the attack on 6 December 1991 when he could and should have done so, and afterwards he <u>failed</u> to ensure the perpetrators were <u>punished</u>.

















