BALKAN CRIMINOLOGY

Violence in the Balkans in the focus of Balkan Criminology's current research activities

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RESEARCH ON VIOLENCE (IN EUROPE) C

- Two main lines of research
 - Violence as a general vs. homicide as a particular subject
- Focus often on specific phenomena rather than on violence in general
 - Youth violence, gang violence, sexual violence, domestic violence, political violence, terrorism, hooliganism, etc.
 - Homicide/suicide, intimate partner homicide, femicide, genocide, etc.
- Growing interest in homicide

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- e.g., Liem & Pridemore, Handbook of European Homicide Research (2012); Kivivuori, Suonpää & Lehti, European Journal of Criminology, Special issue 2014(5) on homicide in Europe
- European Homicide Monitor, European Homicide Research Group (EHRG)

Balkans rarely (and not systematically) covered

VIOLENCE IN THE BALKAN CONTEXT



- Balkan-specific stereotypes:
 "The region of violence" (Sundhaussen 2014)
 - The Balkans as a region of rough- and wilderness
 - ... as a sanctuary of violence
 - ... as a paradise of illegal markets and organized crime
 - ... as an exporter of (violent) crime
- Violent regional conflicts of the 1990s
- Regional particularities, different traditions
- Fragmented data
 - National statistics not (directly) comparable
 - Insufficient coverage of the region in international statistics (European Sourcebook) and comparative studies

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MPPG'S RESEARCH AGENDA



RESEARCH FOCUS I: Violence, Organised Crime and Illegal Markets

PROJECT TITLE	HEAD	CATEGORY	ORGANISAT. STATUS	FUNDING	TIME- FRAME
Mapping the Criminological Landscape of the Balkans	Assist. Prof. Dr. Getoš Kalac	regional	MPPG	MPPG, MPG, PFZ, MPI	2013-2014
Violence in the Balkans	Assist. Prof. Dr. Getoš Kalac	regional	MPPG	MPPG	2015-2016
Balkan Homicide Study	Prof. Dr. Dr. h.c. Albrecht, Assist. Prof. Dr. Getoš Kalac	regional	MPI, MPPG	MPI, MPPG	2016-2017
Balkan Criminology – Focus on Organised Crime and Illegal Markets: Sex, Guns and 'Balkan Rock 'n' Roll'	Assist. Prof. Dr. Getoš Kalac	individual	MPPG PostDoc	Fulbright Visiting Scholar	2014-2017
Trafficking in Human Beings in and through the Balkans – A Qualitative Analysis	Mr. Ressler	individual	MPPG PhD	MPPG	2014-2016
Tools for the Validation and Utilisation of EU Statistics on Human Trafficking (TRAFSTAT Croatia)	Prof. Dr. Derenčinović, Assist. Prof. Dr. Getoš Kalac	international	PFZ, MPPG	European Commission	2012-2014
A Criminological and Criminal Law Analysis of Prostitution in Croatia	Mr. Mihaljević	individual	PFZ, MPPG PhD	MPPG	2015-2017
Economic Espionage in Europe (WISKOS Croatia)	Prof. Dr. Dr. h.c. Albrecht	international	MPPG	BMBF	2014-2016
Responsibility of Political Parties for Criminal Offences	Dr. Maršavelski	individual	joint MPPG PhD	MPI, PFZ, CSF	2013-2015
Criminal Responsibility for Severe Economic Crimes Committed in Transitional Periods	Dr. Roksandić Vidlička	individual	joint MPPG PhD	MPI, PFZ	2013-2015

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- Currently two major research projects
 - 1. Violence in the Balkans
 - 2. Balkan Homicide Study
- Participation in further (external) projects

THE BALKAN HOMICIDE STUDY



- Focus on homicide in selected Balkan countries
 - AL, BiH, HR, KV, MK, RI, TK
- Macro and micro perspectives
- Focus on (disaggregate) empirical data, to be generated from different sources
 - Prosecutorial statistics
 - Prosecutorial case files (if accessible)
 - Court files and/or judicial verdicts

VIOLENCE IN THE BALKANS



- Part of MPPG's basic 'Mapping' exercises
- Macro perspective, descriptive
- Inventory of the actual status quo in all Balkan countries
 - Concepts and definitions
 - Legal regulations
 - Prevalence
 - Phenomenology
- Country reports, comparative analyses, general conclusions, basis/incentive for further research



The concept of violence

- Definition and understanding of "violence" (normative, criminological, political, traditional)
- Public perception and understanding
- Spectacular cases that have attracted public attention in recent years
- Discussions in media and greater public, criminal policies, political programs, significant legal changes in regard to violent crime (general, specific)
- Potential historical factors of influence (past armed conflicts, social and economic transition, etc.)



Legal framework

- Relevant legal provisions
- Types of regulation: statutory elements, mens rea, privileged/qualified forms, etc.
- Sentencing and enforcement of sentences: statutory sentences (minimum/maximum), aggravating/mitigating factors, probation/parole, security detention or other security measures for violent offenders, etc.
- Procedural particularities: special jurisdictions, in camera proceedings, plea/sentence bargaining, victim participation, victim/offender mediation, etc.
- Victim protection



Prevalence

- Available data sources (statistics, scientific studies, etc.)
- Frequencies (crimes/cases, offenders, victims) and rates (per 100,000 inhabitants) for the most relevant categories of crimes
- Rates of clearance, indictments, convictions
- Regional/local particularities
- Actual and average sentences imposed
- If available: data on recidivism
- General trends



Phenomenology

- Offender and victim profiles: sex, age (juvenile/adult), victim/offender relationship, nationality, ethnicity, educational and social status, etc.
- Predominant crime patterns: situational chatracterics, use of weapons, alcohol/drug use, etc.
- Motives (and, if available, function of the use of violence)
- Relation to informal economy, organized crime, etc.
- Political

PREVIEW







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Thank you for your attention.

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